



Product Specifications

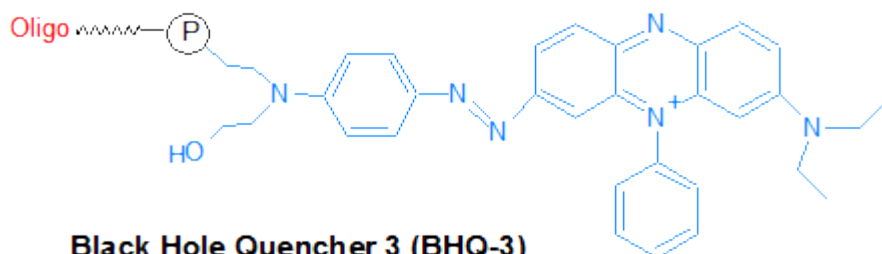
Custom Oligo Synthesis, antisense oligos, RNA oligos, chimeric oligos, Fluorescent dyes, Affinity Ligands, Spacers & Linkers, Duplex Stabilizers, Minor bases, labeled oligos, Molecular Beacons, siRNA, phosphonates Locked Nucleic Acids (LNA); 2'-5' linked Oligos

Oligo Modifications

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures for clinical purposes.

3'-BHQ-3

Category	Quenchers
Modification Code	3-BHQ-3
Reference Catalog Number	26-6473
5 Prime	N
3 Prime	Y
Internal	N
Molecular Weight(mw)	597.63



Black Hole Quencher 3 (BHQ-3)
[26-6473-XX]

Black Hole Quencher-3 (BHQ-3) is classified as a dark quencher (a non-fluorescent chromophore), and is used as a quencher moiety in a variety of Fluorescence Resonance Energy Transfer (FRET) DNA detection probes. Such probes are primarily used in nucleic acid assays, but also find a place in nucleic acid structural studies (1). Examples include TaqMan probes (2), Scorpion primers (3), and Molecular Beacons (4).

BHQ-3 has an absorbance maximum of 672 nm, and an effective absorbance range of 620-730 nm. **BHQ-3, is chemically less stable, and degrades when exposed to oligo synthesis and deprotection conditions for long periods of time, such as when synthesizing or processing longer oligos. We recommend BBQ650, a dark quencher as an effective substitute. BBQ650 has an absorbance maximum of 650 nm, and an effective absorbance range of 550-750 nm (yellow to far red). It is chemically resistant to both oligonucleotide synthesis reagents, deblocking and deprotecting reagents that includes harsh chemicals, acid and ammonia solutions.**

BBQ650.

The advantages of using a dark quencher in a FRET probe are (a) low background fluorescence (and thus better signal-to-noise ratio), (b) higher dynamic range, (c) amenability to multiplex assays (due to a dark quencher having no secondary fluorescence), and (d) ease of synthesis of FRET probes with a dark quencher (due to dark quenchers being resistant to degradation during the oligo deprotection step) (5).

[Click here for list of quenchers.](#)

[Click here for a list of fluorophores.](#)

Quencher Spectral Data

Quencher

Absorption Max, nm

Quenching Range, nm Dabcyl 453 380-530 BHQ-0 495 430-520 BHQ1 534 480-580 BHQ2 579 550-650 BHQ3 672 620-730
BBQ-650 650 550-750

genelink.com/oligo_modifications_reference/OMR_mod_category_intro.asp?mod_sp_cat_id=15>Click here for complete list of quenchers and details **Black Hole Quencher License Agreement

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References

1. Didenko, V.V. DNA Probes Using Fluorescence Resonance Energy Transfer (FRET): Designs and Applications. *Biotechniques* (2001), **31**: 1106-1121.
2. Livak, K.J., Flood, S.J.A., Marmaro, J., Giusti, W., Deetz, K. Oligonucleotides with fluorescent dyes at opposite ends provide a quenched probe system useful for detecting PCR product and nucleic acid hybridization. *PCR Methods Appl.* (1995), **4**: 1-6.
3. Thelwell, N., Millington, S., Solinas, A., Booth, J., Brown, T. Mode of action and application of Scorpion primers to mutation detection. *Nucleic Acids Res.* (2000), **28**: 3752-3761.
4. Tyagi, S., Kramer, F.R. Molecular beacons: probes that fluoresce upon hybridization. *Nat. Biotechnol.* (1996), **14**: 303-308.
5. Yeung, A.T., Holloway, B.P., Adams, P.S., Shipley, G.L. Evaluation of dual-labeled fluorescent DNA probe purity versus performance in real-time PCR. *Biotechniques*. (2004), **36**: 266-270, 272, 274-275.