

Product Specifications

Custom Oligo Synthesis, antisense oligos, RNA oligos, chimeric oligos, Fluorescent dyes, Affinity Ligands, Spacers & Linkers, Duplex Stabilizers, Minor bases, labeled oligos, Molecular Beacons, siRNA, phosphonates Locked Nucleic Acids (LNA); 2'-5' linked Oligos

Oligo Modifications

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures for clinical purposes.

Cy3.5

Cyanine 3.5 (Cy3.5) is a fluorescent dye that belongs to the Cyanine family of synthetic polymethine dyes. Cy3.5 is reactive, water-soluble, and has an absorbance maximum of 581 nm and an emission maximum of 596 nm. It is available as a phosphoramidite, and is used to fluorescently label oligonucleotides at either the 5' or 3' end, or internally. Cy3.5 plays a particularly important role in real-time PCR applications, being used as a reporter moiety in TaqMan probes (1), Scorpion primers (2) and Molecular Beacons (3). For such probes, Cy3.5 is most commonly paired with the dark quencher BHQ-2, as the two have excellent spectral overlap.

Cy3 can also be used to label DNA oligos for use as hybridization probes in other applications, such as Fluorescent In-Situ Hybridization (FISH).

Applied Biosystems Proprietary Dyes & Possible Substitutions

Dye

Color

Absorbance max (nm)

Emission max (nm) VIC Pink Red 538 554 Cal Orange 560 Pink Red 537 558 HEX Pink Red 535 556 NED Red Orange 546 575 Cy3 Red Orange 550 570 PET Red Orange 558 595 Cy3.



5 Red 588 604 ROX Red 575 602 CAL Fluor Red 590 Red 569 591 Texas Red Red 583 603

Click here for a list of fluorophores.

References

- 1. Livak, K.J., Flood, S.J.A., Marmaro, J., Giusti, W., Deetz, K. Oligonucleotides with fluorescent dyes at opposite ends provide a quenched probe system useful for detecting PCR product and nucleic acid hybridization. *PCR Methods Appl.* (1995), **4**: 1-6.
- 2. Thelwell, N., Millington, S., Solinas, A., Booth, J., Brown, T. Mode of action and application of Scorpion primers to mutation detection. *Nucleic Acids Res.* (2000), **28**: 3752-3761.
- 3. Tyagi, S., Kramer, F.R. Molecular beacons: probes that fluoresce upon hybridization. Nat. Biotechnol. (1996), 14: 303-308.

